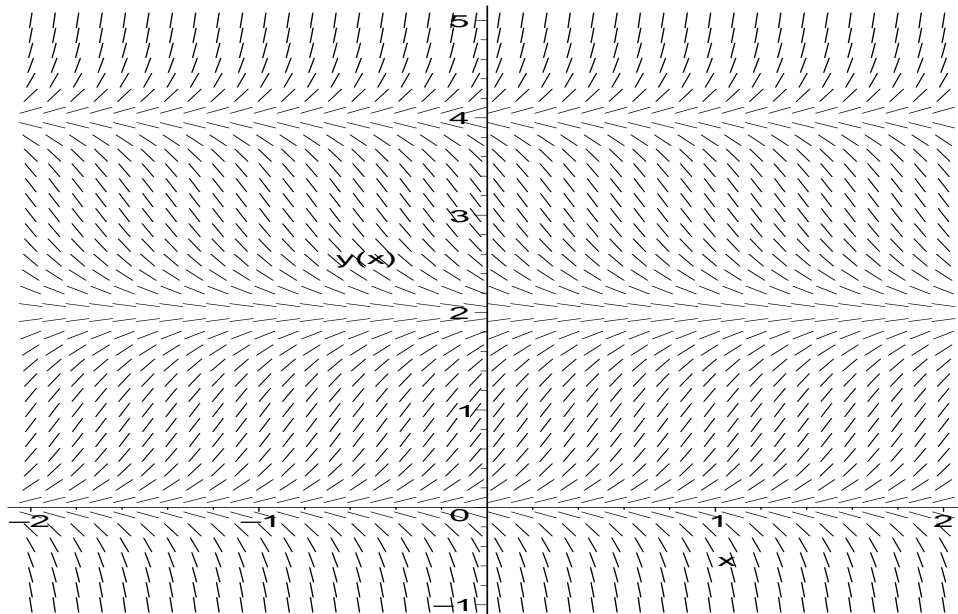


1. Solve for $y(t)$: $y' + \frac{2}{t}y = 4$, $y(1) = 2$.

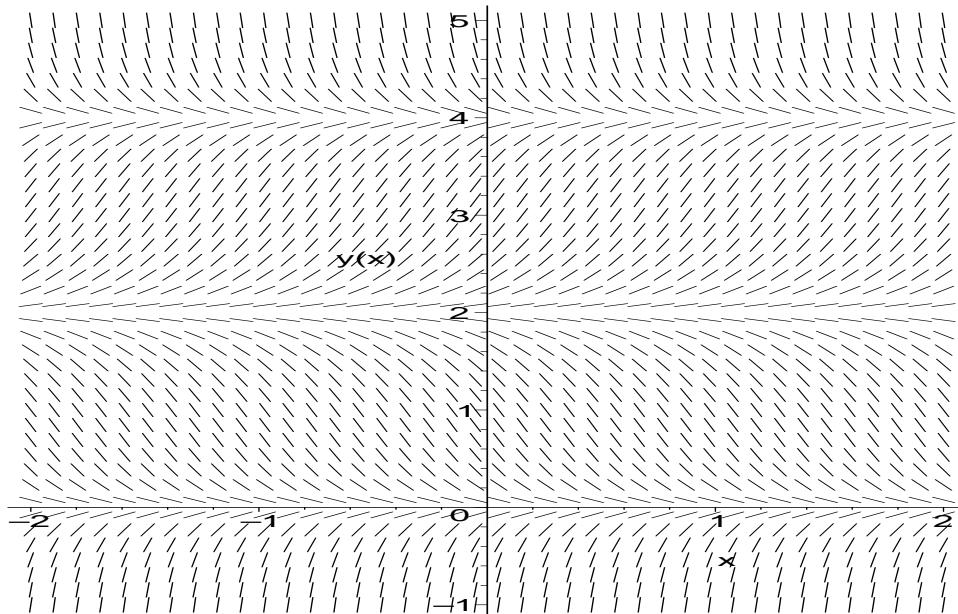
2. Here is the direction field of a certain differential equation:



- (a) On the figure, sketch the solution which satisfies $y(0) = 3$.
- (b) Find a value of y_0 such that if $y(x)$ is a solution with $y(0) = y_0$ then $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} y(x) = 0$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} y(x) = 2$: $y_0 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

1. Solve for $y(t)$: $y' + \frac{2}{t}y = -1$, $y(1) = 1$.

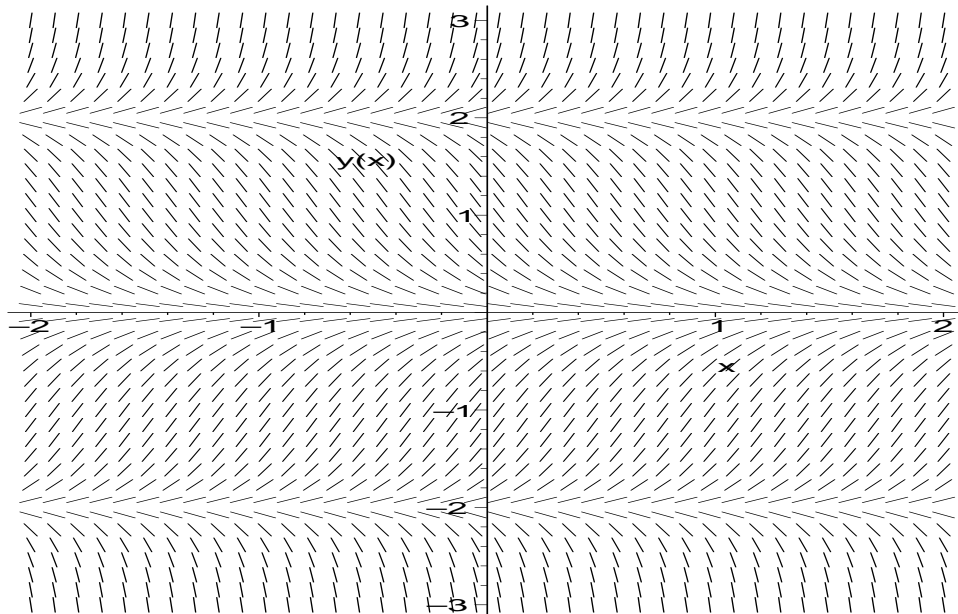
2. Here is the direction field of a certain differential equation:



- (a) On the figure, sketch the solution which satisfies $y(0) = 3$.
- (b) Find a value of y_0 such that if $y(x)$ is a solution with $y(0) = y_0$ then $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} y(x) = 0$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} y(x) = 2$: $y_0 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

1. Solve for $y(t)$: $y' + \frac{2}{t}y = 2$, $y(1) = -1$.

2. Here is the direction field of a certain differential equation:



- (a) On the figure, sketch the solution which satisfies $y(0) = -1$.
- (b) Find a value of y_0 such that if $y(x)$ is a solution with $y(0) = y_0$ then $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} y(x) = 0$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} y(x) = 2$: $y_0 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.